# Spring 2022

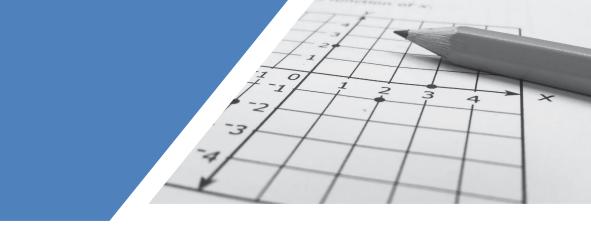
### MARYLAND STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION EQUITY AND EXCELLENCE

I she did-it seemed a small thing-was to toss down on the a golden apple. Then she breathed upon the guests once, and

The apple lay glearning among the piled truits and the brit

Part B

- Which detail from paragraph 10 best supports the answer to Pan "The boy grew tall and strong and beautiful, the swittest runn
- the best archer in all the country around.\* "Among the oak woods they lived together and were happy.
- They knew, for the gods know all things, that he was the son of
- Priam, king of Troy ... but the thought came to them that he would not know who the
- re, and therefore he would not be afraid to judge between



## **MCAP Science (MISA) Score Interpretation Guide for Parents**



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#### **1.0 General Information for Parents and Educators**

#### 1.1 Background

The Maryland Comprehensive Assessment Program (MCAP) will provide students, parents, educators and the community with better student information at a faster pace. The goal remains the same: to gather information that helps Maryland schools strengthen our instruction and improve student performance so that our graduates are ready to move into the workforce or a postsecondary institution.

#### **1.2 MCAP Science (MISA) Assessments**

The primary purpose of MCAP is to provide high-quality assessments to measure students' progress toward college and career readiness.

The MCAP Science (MISA) assessments were administered in either computer-based or paper-based format. The tests assessed student mastery of the three dimensions necessary to understand science: Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCI), Science and Engineering Practices (SEP), and Crosscutting Concepts (CCC). Students demonstrated their mastery by interacting with a stimulus such as a video, chart, or diagram, and then responding to several items supported by the stimulus.

#### **1.3 Confidentiality of Reporting Results**

Individual student performance results on the MCAP are confidential and may be released only in accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (20 U.S.C. Section 1232g). Aggregated student performance data are made available to the public and do not contain the names of individual students or teachers.

#### 1.4 Purpose of this Guide

This guide provides information on the individual student reports, school reports, and Local Education Agency (LEA) reports provided for MCAP results. Section 2.0, which outlines and explains elements of the individual student report, may be shared with parents. This section will help parents understand their child's test results. Section 3.0 outlines and explains elements of the school and LEA reports. Individual state policies and calculations for accountability reporting may differ from the policies and calculations used for assessment reports.

Sample reports included in this guide are for illustration purposes only. They are provided to show the basic layout of the reports and the information they provide. Sample reports do not include actual data from any test administration.



#### 2.0 Understanding the MCAP Individual Student Report (ISR)

#### 2.1 Types of Scores on the MCAP ISR

Student performance on the MCAP Science assessment is described on the individual student report using scale scores, performance levels, and subclaim performance indicators. State, LEA, and school average results are included in relevant sections of the report to help parents understand how their child's performance compares to that of other students. In some instances, a note will appear in place of average results for a school and/or LEA. This indicates that there are too few students to maintain student privacy and therefore results are not reported.

#### 2.1.1 Scale Score

A scale score is a numerical value that summarizes student performance. Not all students respond to the same set of test items, so each student's raw score (actual points earned on test items) is adjusted for the slight differences in difficulty among the various forms and administrations of the test. The resulting scale score allows for an accurate comparison across test forms and administration years within a grade. For example, a student who earns an overall scale score of 750 on one form of the grade 5 science assessment would be expected to earn an overall score of 750 on any other form of the grade 5 science assessment. Furthermore, the student's overall scale score and level of mastery of concepts and skills would be comparable to a student who took the same assessment the previous year or the following year.

#### 2.1.2 Performance Level

Each performance level is a broad, categorical level defined by a student's overall scale score and is used to report overall student performance by describing how well students met the expectations for their grade level/course. Each performance level is defined by a range of overall scale scores for the assessment. There are five performance levels for the MCAP:

- Level 4: Exceeded expectations
- Level 3: Met expectations
- Level 2: Approached expectations
- Level 1: Partially met expectations

Students performing at levels 3 and 4 met or exceeded expectations, have demonstrated readiness for the next grade level/course, and ultimately, are likely on track for college and careers. Additional information pertaining to the test performance levels can be found in Appendix A.

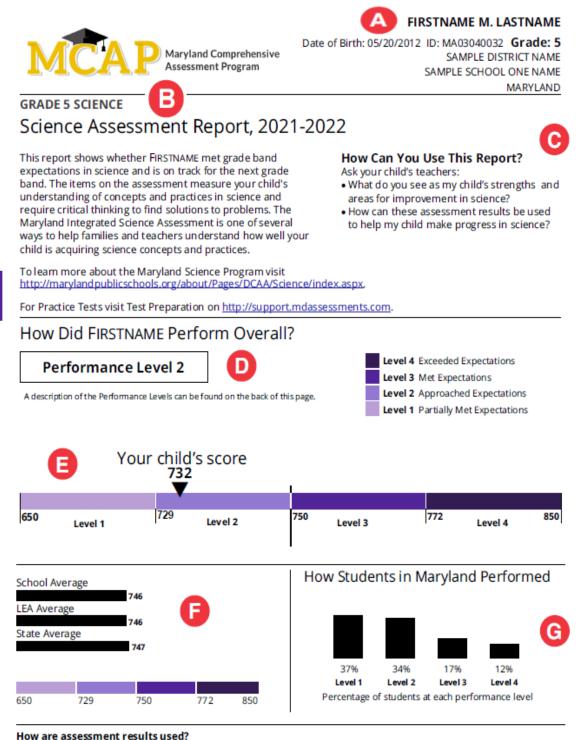
Performance Level Descriptors (PLDs) describe the knowledge, skills, and practices which students should know and be able to demonstrate at each performance level in science. PLDs are available at: https://marylandpublicschools.org/about/Pages/DAAIT/Assessment/MISA/index.aspx

#### 2.1.3 Dimensions of Science Performance Indicators

Mastery of the dimensions of science is reported using graphical representations which indicate how the student performed relative to the overall performance of students who met or approached expectations for the content area.

Performance is reported using categories rather than scale scores or performance levels. The three categories are: Met or Exceeded Expectations, Approached Expectations, and Partially Met Expectations.





Results from the assessment give your child's teacher, school, and school district information about their science performance, and provide you with some insight on how your child is meeting expectations. These results never stand alone, but can be used with other assessments and class work when gauging student performance.

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#### FIRSTNAME M. LASTNAME

#### How Did Your Child Perform in the Three Dimensions of Science?

#### Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCI)

Physical Sciences

Your student performed about the same as students who partially met expectations. Students meet expectations by demonstrating an understanding of matter and its interactions, motion and stability, forces and interaction, energy, waves and their applications in technologies for information transfer.

#### Earth and Space Sciences

Your student performed about the same as students who partially met expectations. Students meet expectations by demonstrating an understanding of Earth's place in the universe, Earth's systems, and Earth and human activity.

#### Science and Engineering Practices (SEP)

Your student performed about the same as students who met or exceeded expectations. Students meet expectations by demonstrating an understanding of the practices scientists and engineers use to investigate theories about the natural world giving them opportunities to immerse themselves in these practices and explore why they are central to science and engineering.

#### Science Performance Level Descriptions



Your student performed about the same as students who approached expectations. Students meet expectations by demonstrating an understanding of how the structures and processes function from molecules to organisms, the interactions, energy, and dynamics of ecosystems, the inheritance and variation of traits in heredity, and the unity and diversity of biological evolution.

#### LEGEND



#### Crosscutting Concepts (CCC)

Your student performed about the same as students who approached expectations. Students meet expectations by demonstrating an understanding of how scientists connect and explain knowledge from various science disciplines and engineering practices into a coherent and scientifically based view of the world.

Level 4 Exceeded Expectations: Students who perform at this level demonstrate an effective ability to apply scientific thinking to understand the natural world and apply engineering design to find solutions to problems. Students demonstrate the ability to think critically about the effects of chemical reactions, forces, and energy on the world around them; the ways different organisms and the environment interact; the ways the geosphere, biosphere, and hydrosphere interact; and how engineering design can be a regular part of problem solving. Students apply skills such as asking questions that lead to explanations supported by evidence, using mathematics to analyze data, and applying scientific ideas to develop, test, compare, and improve design solutions.

Level 3 Met Expectations: Students who perform at this level demonstrate the ability to apply scientific thinking to understand the natural world and apply engineering design to find solutions to problems. Students demonstrate the ability to explain the effects of chemical reactions, forces, and energy on the world around them; the ways different organisms and the environment interact; the ways the geosphere, biosphere, and hydrosphere interact; and how engineering design can be a regular part of problem solving. Students use skills such as asking questions that can lead to reasonable predictions, using mathematics to describe data, and applying scientific ideas to evaluate a design solution.

Level 2 Approached Expectations: Students who perform at this level are approaching the ability to apply scientific thinking to understand the natural world and apply engineering design to find solutions to problems. Students are beginning to demonstrate the ability to describe the effects of chemical reactions, forces, and energy on the world around them; the ways different organisms and the environment interact; the ways the geosphere, biosphere, and hydrosphere interact; and how engineering design can be a regular part of problem solving. Students are beginning to demonstrate skills such as asking questions about changes in an investigation, organizing simple data sets that reveal patterns, and identifying scientific evidence used to support a claim.

Level 1 Partially Met Expectations: Students who perform at this level demonstrate an emerging ability to apply scientific thinking to understand the natural world and engineering design to find solutions to problems. Students are beginning to identify the effects of chemical reactions, forces, and energy on the world around them, the ways different organisms and the environment interact; the ways the geosphere, biosphere, and hydrosphere interact; and how engineering design can be a regular part of problem solving. Students are beginning to develop skills such as asking questions about changes in an investigation, organizing simple data sets that reveal patterns, and identifying scientific evidence used to support a claim.



#### 2.1.5 General Description of Individual Student Reports

#### A. Identification Information

An Individual Student Report lists the student's name, date of birth, state student ID, grade level when assessed, LEA name, school name, and state. The grade level when assessed is also shown in a box on the left side of the report.

#### **B. Description of Report**

The description of the report provides the grade level/course assessed, content area assessed, and assessment year. It also provides a general overview of the assessment and score report.

#### C. How to use the Report

This section provides guidance on how parents can use the report to start a discussion with their child's teacher(s). It is important for parents and educators to have regular check-ins to ensure students are learning the necessary skills to stay on track. Parents can use the information in the report to understand their child's strengths and needs and to work with educators to identify resources to support his or her education.

#### 2.1.6 Overall Assessment Scores

#### D. Overall Scale Score and Performance Level

This section of the report provides the student's overall scale score and performance level (refer to Section 2.1). Students receive an overall scale score and based on that score, are placed in one of four performance levels, with Level 4 indicating the student exceeded expectations and Level 1 indicating the student partially met expectations.

#### E. Graphical Representation of Overall Performance: Overall Scale Score and Performance Level

This graphic provides an illustration of the four performance levels and where the student's overall scale score is positioned along the performance scale. The student's score is indicated by the black triangle positioned along the range of overall scale scores that define each performance level. The ranges of overall scale scores are indicated underneath the graphic. The scale scores needed to reach each performance level vary slightly between grades 5 and 8. Refer to **Appendix A** for the full list of scale score ranges for each performance level.

#### F. Average of School, LEA, State

The average overall scale scores of the school, LEA, and state are shown below the overall scale score and performance level graphic. This allows for comparing a student's overall scale score to the average overall scale score of students at the school, LEA, and state level for the same grade level.

#### G. Percentage of Students at Each Performance

This section provides a bar graph showing the percentage of students within the state who performed at each of the four performance levels.



#### 2.1.7 Performance by Reporting Category

#### **H.** Dimensions of Science Reporting Categories

The report shows the student's performance in for the three dimensions of science: Disciplinary Core Ideas (DCI), Science and Engineering Practices (SEP), and Crosscutting Concepts (CCC). In addition, there are three subcategories in the DCI dimension: Physical Science, Life Science, and Earth and Space Sciences. Each dimension of science is indicated by a large, black header. The DCI subcategories are indicated by a small, black header.

#### I. Dimensions of Science Reporting Categories

Student performance for each dimension is marked with a dimension performance indicator.

- An up arrow for the specified dimension indicates the student "Met or Exceeded Expectations". Students in this category are likely academically well prepared to engage successfully in further studies in the dimension of science content area and may need instructional enrichment.
- A bidirectional arrow for the specified dimension indicates the student "Approached Expectations". Students in this category likely need academic support to engage successfully in further studies in the dimension of science content area.
- A down arrow for the specified dimension indicates the student "Partially Met Expectations". Students in this category are likely not academically well prepared to engage successfully in further students in the dimension of science content area. Such students likely need instructional interventions to increase achievement in the dimension of science content area.

#### J. Science Performance Level Descriptions

The report provides the performance level descriptions for the MCAP Science assessment.